American manufacturers and merchants desirous to have representation in the trade of Russia may further the same by sending offers with particu-lars to H. Smit, U. S. con. agt., Libau, Russia. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26, 1894.

The partnership heretofore existing between Louis Johnston and Mary A. Camp, trading as Louis Johnston & Co., 217 415 st. s.w., has been dissolved by mutual agreement.

fe26-31\* LOUIS JOHNSTON & CO. "Contentment is better than riches." That's the reason-life insurance is better than saving money. You can always feel that if you were cut off to-morrow your family would be well provided for. Could anything give you as much contentment as that thought? Call or write me to call. Chas. L. Gurley, 1323 F st. n.w., representing Equitable Lefe Insurance Association.

"THE BEST is none too good!" KEEN. Tailor-par excellence, 1312 F street.

Styles,

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the Columbia Railway Co., for the election of seven directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company. 15th and H streets northeast, TUENDAY, March 13, 1894. The polls will be opened at 1 and closed at 2 o'clock p.m. Books for the transfer of stock will be closed from March 9 to March 13, inclusive.

TO ALL KEEPING LENT. Oysters and fish are less apt to grow monotonous to you during Lent if you will accompany them with a little of our White Wine. Just to introduce it we will sell six 25c. full quart bottles of White Wine for \$1-almost half price. H. A. SELIGSON, 12th st. and Pa. ave. (south side). fel9

H. L. MeQUEEN,
PRINTER AND PUBLISHER.
FINE BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
Telephone, 763. (fe12) 1108-1116 E st. n.w. MORE NOVELTIES FOR 1894.-SAMPLES OF "NUMBER EIGHT" Rambler, weight 23½ lbs.; Ladies' "MODEL C," 30 lbs., all on; and something new to this section, the RAMBLER "TRIPLET," can now be inspected at our sales room, 1325 14th northwest.—Our 1894 catalogue is now here, and cannot fall to interest, whether

GORMULLY & JEFFERY MFG. CO. MONEY TO LOAN IN THE DISTRICT ON APoved property at lowest rates of interest. Large ans a specialty. HERRON & NIXON, 8-1mo 1206 G st. DR. S. T. MASON HAS REMOVED HIS DENTAL office from cor. 12th st. and Pa. ave. n.w. to 711 12th st. n.w., bet. G and H. fe7-1m

26 FOR 98c.—THIS IS THE NUMBER OF PORTfolios you have and what I will bind them for
in half black Russia.

HODGEN,
fe8 511 yth st. WOOD. COAL

This is to notify the public that John Miller and R. L. Cameron, trading as John Miller & Co., have bought out the business of the Co-lumbia Supply Co., dealers in coal, wood and building material, and will assume all liabilities and collect all debts due the Columbia Supply Co.

We have rented the office at the southwest corner of 10th and F sts. n.w., formerly occupied by the American Ice Co., where we will be pleased to furnish fuel to the public at bottom prices and at figures to suit the times.

Consult us before buying, as you will save money by so doing.

Patrons of the late American Ice Co. will be treated liberally. JOHN MILLER & CO.

ES PER CENT DISCOUNT ON WROUGHT-IRON empliesticks and soveities, to reduce stock. 10 per cent discount on audirons and other fireplace fixtures. J. H. CORNING, Tile Shop, 320 13th st. Always in stock. Patrons advised intelli-gently regarding the purchase of THE MOST ECONOMICAL COALS. We are in the COAL BUSINESS all the year around, as we have been for FORTY-THREE years past. J. MAURY DOVE,

Cash, And Cash Only.

Will Buy Flooring, North Caro-lina, clear, kiln dried, all one wluth, per 100 ft \$1.75 Cypress Shingles, 6x20, every shingle guaran-teed, per 1,000..... \$6.00 \$1.85 Molding, per inch, 100 lineal feet ..... 40C.

FRANK LIBBEY & CO., "Lumber, Mill Work and Builders' Hardware," Cor. 6th and N. Y. Ave. 1026

The Cheapest Fuel Extant is "Glen Fish Oven" Coke. 50 bu. delivered anywhere for \$4.75—will outlast the best coal—no clinkers, no dirt, no gas. Try it and save money and HEALTH. BEST FAMILY COALS, under cover, at lowest market prices. 172,240 lbs. to the ton. Prompt delivery. Telephone, 476.
Wm. J. Zeh, 926 N St. N.W.

CARD HOLDERS OF THE National Co-Operative COMPANY

COAL, COKE AND WOOD DISCOUNTS.

Don't Elaborate

—a mole-hill into a mountain. Don't make it "uphill" work where it ought to be smooth and level—don't put up with a slow and erring stenographer when there's a little machine that will dispatch your correspondence better, quicker and cheaper. Always ready to show you that "Talking Machine." COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH CO., 919 Pa. ave. E. D. EASTON, Pres. (fe24) R. F. CROMELIN, Sec.

Trusses That'r Comfortable And give highest satisfaction in every sense are the only kind we sell. Our long experience makes us experts in fitting trusses. COur prices are the only thing that's cheap HERE. Z. D. Gilman, 627 Pa. Ave.

Our Prices Talk.

When you require PAPER in any form be sure to get our estimates before purchasing. Our stock embraces EVERYTHING in the Blank Book, Stationery and Miscellaneous Paper line. EFPaper cut any size desired. Chas. G. Stott & Co., AVE. N.W. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PAPER DEALERS.

The "Improved Duplicator" Is the simplest and best machine on the market for taking a limited number of copies from one original writing. It will give from 100 to 150 distinct copies from any writing, drawing, MUSIC, &c. Can you afford to be without it at its low brice of \$4.00.

Get Old Reliable Berkeley -if you want the best re-dicinal whisky. There isn't a purer whisky made because there's nothing in it that isn't pure. \$1 qt. \$4 gal.

Jas. Tharp, 812 F St.

For Rent-

The Best Built Small house near Congressional Library, new and attractive, for only \$35.50 to a steady tenant. BLOCK & YODER, 615 E st. n.w.

The Neostyle Duplicator, The best process for duplicating writing or typeSPECIAL NOTICES.

NEED A TONIC? "MUNCHENER HOFBRAU" BEER (Munici Fritz Reuter, Pa.Av.&4! St.

Apparel proclaims the Man. Hahn, OVEING AND 705 9TH ST. N. W. Need a Waste Basket?

We have several varieties of WASTE BASKETS. No office or library is complete without one. We also have Office and Library Supplies of ALL KINDS. of ALL KINDS.

Headquarters for Blank Books, Bill Heads,
Letter Heads and Paper in every form.

E FOur low prices move these goods rapidly. Easton & Rupp, 421 11th. Popular-Priced Stationers (just above the ave). fe26 A Word About "Briefs."

LAWYERS who require their "briefs" printed in CLEAR, READABLE TYPE-on good paperand large-sized pages, should leave their orders HERE. Our work is par excellent. Only 90c. a page—LNO extra charge for quick work. Byron S. Adams, Printer, 512 11th st. n.w. Telephone 930. "Lenten Dullness"

-is instantly cured by the frequent application of oysters or fish and our Chablis
White Wine to the stomach. If you feel
better try some more and you will feel
still better. Chablis, only \$4 case of 12 qts. To-Kalon Wine Co., 614 14th Phone 998. Vaults, 27th and K sts. fe26

The Union Savings Bank, 1222 F Street N. W., PAYS FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS. (Open until 5 p.m. on Government pay days, and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.) fe12

Twenty-five Cents

Omnibus fare from Washington to Georgetown a half century ago, but your respected ancestors got to the old reliable GEORGETOWN DYE WORKS GEORGETOWN DYE WORKS
Which has continued at the old stand, and is up
with the times today. Work called for and deliv
ered.

1068 Jefferson ave., Georgetown, D. C.
Tel. call 76-4. (n17-6m) Established 1831.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

STATES' PHILOSOPHY, STATES' ECONOMY AND FINANCES, in one volume of 100 pages, by Ignatius Batory of Baltimore, for sale at BRENTANO'S, 11th and Pa. ave. d4-m&s.3m A laxative, refreshing very agreeable to take for

CONSTIPATION, hemorrhoids, bile, less of appetite, gastric and intestinal troubles and headache arrising from them. INDIEN

P. GRILLON. 38 Rue des Archives. Paris. Sold by all Druggists. GRILLON.

DRAWN VS. UNDRAWN. The Latter Class of Fowls Keep Better and Longer.

Health Officer Hammett has sent to the Commissioners his report on the question of the shipment of poultry, drawn or undrawn. The question was agitated early in the season. At that time the poultry dealers held a meeting and discussed the by Prof. Hird he has changed his opinion, and now he believes that the fowls shipped

the investigation made by Prof. Hird Dr. Hammett says:

"I have the honor to forward herewith that it would be a fatal policy for India the report of Chemist Hird of this department relative to the subject of drawn and undrawn poultry and beg to invite attention thereto. This test was made at a time when, I freely confess, a strong prejudice against the sale of undrawn poultry existed

"Judging from this exhaustive experiment I am of the opinion that it would be ampos-sible for the meat to become tainted as the sible for the meat to become tainted as the result of the non-removal of the entrails until after a considerable period, or until such a time as the poultry shall have begun to show signs of decomposition. The fact therefore is this: Undrawn poultry will keep much longer than the drawn. I am informed that much of the poultry is shipped to Washington from a considerable disperson compelled to sell.

The prefer of the United States legation has called upon the porte on behalf of the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the effect that he, the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in regard to the statement widely published to the United ped to Washington from a considerable distance. Were the dealers compelled to sell only drawn poultry there would be greater darger to the community from the sale of unwholesome meat than now exists through the sale of urdrawn poultry.

"It also becomes possible to tell, from an examination of the internal organs, whether or not the poultry has been afflicted with disease, which is a strong point in favor of undrawn poultry.

undrawn poultry.

"There should be an ordinance or regula-

tion positively prohibiting the sale of poul-try that has not been kept from food at least twenty-four hours before killing. All urdrawn poultry without empty crops should be condemned as unfit for food." Prof. Hird's Report.

The report of Professor Hird, made to the health officer, is as follows: "I submit herewith a report of my

investigation of the question of 'drawn vs. undrawn' poultry. "The two turkeys which were made the subject of my investigation were killed February 5, 11 a. m.
"Original live weight of each turkey, twelve and one-half pounds.
"Weight of dressed turkey, nine and one-

quarter pounds.
"Weight of undressed turkey, twelve and one-quarter pounds.
"It will thus be seen that the dressed turkey lost three pounds by that operation.
"Both turkeys were in excellent condition when they reached the health office, and

were very fine specimens of their kind.

"They were hung up on the morning of the 5th in a room where the temperature was about that of the outside air, and remained until the 16th, a period of about ten days.

February 12 the first change was noticed, there being a faint odor perceptible from the drawn turkey, while the undrawn showed no evidence of any change. showed no evidence of any change.

"February 13, drawn turkey, marked stale odor, juice beginning to drip. Undrawn turkey, no apparent change.

"February 14, drawn turkey, odor considerably increased. Undrawn, no apparent

"February 15-The flesh was removed from the breasts of both turkeys and kept entirely separate. The meat of the drawn turkey gave forth a strong, disagreeable turkey gave forth a strong, disagreeable odor, while that from the undrawn seemed to be perfectly sweet and fresh, no apparent decomposition having taken place. The juices of the meat were then tested with litmus paper, after which the meat was digested for twenty-four hours with cold water. It was then filtered from the solution and the extract examined. lution and the extract examined.

"The result clearly showed that decomposition had commenced in the meat taken from the drawn turkey, while that from the undrawn showed no such evidence.
"February 16—Both turkeys were now "The drawn turkey was found to be in a bad state of decomposition, while the un-drawn turkey was found to be in excellent

condition, not the slightest decomposition being observable.
"The intestines were normal in appearance as were also the liver and heart, showing evidently that the bird had previously enjoyed good health.
"It may be well to state here that the "It may be well to state here that the only disease of poultry that there is reason principals is suffering from influenza.

to believe may prejudice the flesh is fowl cholera. In such cases the meat is redder than usual, the liver probably softer and the heart speckled with red spots often inside and out, while the intestines will be inflamed with red spots or livid patches.

"The fat of the turkeys was also examined, which, in the case of the drawn turkey, was soft and watery, while in the andrawn it was found to be firm and bard. undrawn it was found to be firm and hard.

"As a matter of fact, after having been kept ten days, the undrawn turkey was still fit for food, while the drawn turkey had for several days previous to this been filling the rooms with its foul odor.

"It should be noticed in connection with this, however, that the undrawn turkey had been penned up without food for twenty-four hours previous to being killed so that it was entirely emoty so far as any

witting: far ahead of any other process; carried the four highest awards at the World's Fair, Chicago. The copies produced channot be distinguished from originals; call and see it or send for the internal organs were in addition to this the internal organs were in a specimens of work. NWOSIYIE as good a state of preservation as one count.

The Queen Returns to London.

London, AND PAID-UP policies purchased at a fair discount.

The Queen Returns to London.

London, AND PAID-UP policies purchased at a fair discount.

London, AND PAID-UP policies purchased at a fair discount.

The Queen Victoria, account their innovation.

The Queen Returns to London.

London, AND PAID-UP policies purchased at a fair discount.

AND

CABLE INTELLIGENCE

Insurgents Making Headway in Southern Brazil.

BRITISH FIGHTING IN EAST

Prince Colonna Wanted to Challenge a Journalist.

LONDON, Feb. 26.-The Times publishes

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS

a dispatch from Montevideo dated February 25, sent by its correspondent from follows:

Brazil returned here today. He says that the armies with Gen. Saraiva in Panama and with Gen. Salgado in Rio Grande do Sul are well equipped and have plenty of arms and ammunition. Gen. Saraiva and his army are advancing toward Sao Paulo, while Gen. Salgado's

army is in the vicinity of Porto Alegre holding in check the government troops and preventing any movements north-The messenger further says that the

insurgents are completely in control of the states of Parana, Santa Cabarina and Rio Grande do Sul. It appears that Gens. Saraiva and Sal-gado both disapprove of the composition of the provisional government, asserting that

it is not sufficiently representative, revolution is successful they will diately insist upon the appointment of a responsible provisional minister.

Admiral da Gama expresses the same opinion; likewise Silvera Martins.

The cruiser Republica, the armed merchant steamer Meteoria and the Aquidaof attacking the government forts there. The Nictheroy was off the bar on Sunday, February 18, and landed three hundred soldiers. It then returned to Bahia. Its entire crew is composed of Americans. The government yesterday sent 800 men to reinforce the garrison at Sao Paulo in to reinforce the garrison at sao ratio in consequence of a request from the governor for reinforcements.

A heavy artillery fire is being kept up today between the forts and there is some musketry along the shore front.

WAR ON A SLAVE DEALER.

Fodicilah's Recent Attack on the British Was in Revenge.

LONDON, Feb. 26.-The Times says that two years ago a British expedition attacked Fodicilah, the slave owner, whose force recently overcame the British sailors in Gambia. This expedition succeeded in capturing the stronghold of Fodicilah, the village Toniataba, after a stubborn fight. Fodicilah fled into French territory. Since then he has recruited his forces and has been menacing the British settlements up the Gambia river. He has sent word that he intended to raid all the towns within the British sphere, even Bathurst, the capital, included.

The expedition referred to by the Times took place on April 28, 1892, Toiataba, after being captured, was destroyed. In this fight the British captain, A. S. Roberts, was question. They favored the shipment of undrawn poultry, while Health Officer Hammett maintained that the fowls should be drawn, but since the examination made had been punished. On May 11, 1892, the British were again victorious in a fight with the slave ewners.

mints is generally approved by all but a to any longer ally herself with the silver standard.

TERRELL DIDN'T THREATEN. An Unfounded Report Was Sent From

Constantinople. CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 26.-The inter-

preter of the United States legation has of Armenians who had obtained American citizenship, and that Mr. Terrell had threat-ened to ask the United States government to dispatch two warships to the scene of the alleged outrages. The interpreter informed the porte that Mr. Terrell deeply regretted the publication, which was entirely un-founded.

COLONNA WAS FURIOUS.

He Wanted to Challenge a New York

Newspaper Publisher. PARIS, Feb. 26.-Prince Colonna has re turned to this city from Naples and has been in consultation with a distinguished American lawyer. The latter advised him that the only possible way to regain possession of his children was to go to the United States and bring the matter before the courts in America.

Prince Colonna is furious at the manner in which he has been referred to in some In which he has been referred to in some New York papers, and has expressed the wish to challenge the proprietor of one of the leading papers of New York. The Amer-ican lawyer dissuaded the prince from such

CARRIED A BOMB WITH HIM. A Parisian Said That It Was Thrown

at Him and He Kept It. PARIS. Feb. 26.-While a lodger in the Hotel St. Denis, this city, was being ejected today for the non-payment of his account, a tin box fell from his person and exploded on the pavement. The man was arrested and gave the name of Couchou. The lining of his overcoat was found to have been burned, apparently with a fuse. Couchou who denied that he was an anarchist claimed that the bomb was thrown at him and the police were unable to prove any-thing to the contrary. The prisoner was

A Petard Thrown at a Theater. PISA, Italy, Feb. 26.-During a performance of "Othello" at the Theater Nuovo yesterday evening a petard was thrown into the auditorium through a window in the rear of the stage, The explosive missile burst with a loud report and created the greatest excitement among the audience who imagined that a dynamite bomb had exploded. No damage was done and nobody

The Steam Yacht Race Postponed. MONTE CARLO, Feb. 26.-The race be tween five steam yachts from Monaco to Genoa, a distance of eighty miles, which was to have been started last night, was postponed at the last moment and is now fixed to take place on Tuesday next from Cape Martin.

Has a Cold and Can't Fight. PARIS, Feb. 26.-The talked-of duel between Mr. Audinet Gibert of New York and Senor Don Manuel Delpilar De Santa Maria

Mr. Belmont on Eric Reorganization PARIS, Feb. 26.-Mr. August Belmont, the New York banker, who is now in this city, says that the Erie reorganization plan is not as drastic as the best interests of the property demand for permanent International Sanitary Conference.

PARIS, Feb. 26.-The members of the coming sanitary conference express surprise at the attitude of the United States, saying that its representatives oppose every measure intended to lighten quarantine regulations, and claim to believe that their object is to invoke such regulations as will

to be present at tomorrow's drawing room. Crowds of people lined the route from the railroad station to Buckingham palace, and heartily cheered her majesty.

Extensive Granaries Burned. LONDON, Feb. 26.—Bellamy & Company's granaries on the ing and Queen steamshipping wharf, Rotherhithe street, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The conflagra-tion lasted through the day. Three blocks, chiefly filled with flour, were destroyed. The loss is \$300,000.

A Train Blown From a Bridge. LONDON, Feb. 26.-Dispatches received from Port Lewis, Island of Mauritius, show that the reported railroad disaster on that island was greatly exaggerated. A train while passing over the Port Lewis bridge was blown into the river. Five of the passengers were killed and ten were injured.
The hurricane did only slight damage to the town, and the crops, if the weather continues favorable, will have entirely recovered from its effects in a month.

India's Intentions Defined. BOMBAY, Feb. 26.-Replying to the Bom bay chamber of commerce today the government of India has reiterated its statement to the effect that it does not intend to im-

London Personals. LONDON, Feb. 26.-The United States ambassador, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, had an interview this afternoon with the Earl of Rosebery, secretary of state for foreign affairs, at the foreign office.

No Americans will be presented in the general circle at the queen's drawing room tomorrow. In the diplomatic circle Miss Roosevelt, a cousin of Mr. James R. Roosevelt, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Ludlow, wife of Maj. William Ludlow, military attache of the United States embassy, will be presented. Miss Bayard will be presented by Mrs. Thomas F. Bayard, after the latter has herself been presented by Lady Spencer.

Henry Yates Thompson, formerly owner of the Pall Mall Gazette, has written to the Right Hon. George Shaw Lefevre, offering to give \$38,000 to build a monumental chapel connected with Westminster Abbey by a cloister from the poets' corner for monuments to great men and women. The government is considering the offer. omorrow. In the diplomatic circle Miss

Twenty-Five Killed by an Explosion. ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 26.-A terrible boiler explosion has taken place at the big iron works at Alexandrovsk. Twenty-five were killed and ten were seriously injured.

HYATTSVILLE.

A two-horse wagon belonging to Havener's bakery in Washington was badly damaged by a runaway accident here last Friday. The horses became frightened in front of the grocery store of Mr. George Tise, and dashing up Pike avenue, struck a telegraph pole near the residence of Mr. Jacobs, knocking down the pole and breaking the wagon in several places. The horses then continued up the pike to the old lodge gates, where they were caught by Mr. Kiernan. Large quantities of crackers and cakes were scattered in the road, to the delight of the small boys of the village, who gathered them up and had

quite a feast.
Washington's birthday was celebrated at the Maryland Agricultural College last Thursday by a pleasant entertainment given by the students. A competitive drill for a flag took place in the morning between companies A and B, the former company bearing off the prize. A series of athletic exercises were also given by the members of the college gymnastum. In the evening vocal and instrumental selections were rendered by the Glee Club, and ad-dresses and recitations given by the dif-ferent members of the Mercer Literary Society.
Mr. J. B. Ager entertained a number of

his relations at his hospitable home near Chillum a few days since. Covers were laid for forty.

Golden Rule Lodge, No. 45, I. O. M., will give a musical and literary entertainment at Mechanics' Hall this evening. Several talented members of the order from Washington will take part in the program. should not be drawn. He does advocate the removal of the crops from the fowls, and suggests that no fowls be fed for twenty-four hours before killing. In this position he is fully sustained by the poultry men, who give such advice to all shippers.

In his letter transmitting the result of in his letter transmitting the res eighty-two years of ag married, her first husband being Mr. Mason Clark of Maryland, She was the eldest daughter of the late Azariah Fuller. The funeral took place from the old homestead last Sa. a day at noon, Rev. Mr. Butler of the Lutheran Church of Washington officiating. The remains were interred in the burying ground of St. Mark's Episcopal

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Smith have gone on an extended southern tour. They will visit

Bermuda, a Collection of Islands Little Known to America.

The Bermuda Islands produce something besides onions, the popular belief to the contrary notwithstanding. Mr. Louis Bagger on Saturday evening at the Metropolitan M. E. Church described in a very interesting lecture the islands and related their history. The lecture was for the benefit of the charity fund of the church. Bermuda (pronounced Bermooda, not Bermewda) is 766 miles almost due southeast from New York and less than 760 miles New York Thursday afternoon reaches there on Sunday. Bermuda, or the Bermuda Islands, for there are 365 of them, is in the form of a fish hook lying on its back. The steamer sights the easternmost point at night and lies to until morning, when a pilot conducts her to the anchorage. There she waits until permission has been received from the governor for the landing of her passengers. The magnetic telegraph is not used, but a series of semaphores with yardarms. Then the vessel is phores with yardarms. Then the vessel is slowly taken around the inside curve of the fish hook until Hamilton, midway between the extremities, is reached. It being Sunday the passengers are allowed to disembark, but the cattle on board, of which there is bound to be a load, cannot land until Monday. Nor are the mails and papers from New York distributed. The Sabbath is rigorously observed.

For a person needing mental or physical rest the Bermudas are highly recommended. For consumptives they are not beneficial. There are no amusements beyond amateur theatricals. Riding and driving about the islands or salling along the

amateur theatricals. Riding and driving about the islands or sailing along the coast in the steam launches—these are the recreations of the visitor and resident. It is a paradise for the cyclist. The roads are as smooth as asphalt. They are the bedrock coral and are leveled with planes. Five minutes after a hard shower they are as dry as a parlor floor. There is very little beach. The bluffs rise sharply from the ocean. Frowning from the bluffs are forty-three forts, making the island, or "mainland," as the principal island is called, absolutely impregnable. It is the strongest fortified place in the world, not excepting Gibraltar. The islands are further protected by numerous sunken reefs, which prevent vessels from approaching closely, except through the known chan-nels. The principal island is twenty-four

miles from end to end and contains about 15,000 persons. It was settled by Englishmen in 1610 by colonists from Jamestown, Va., and has since belonged to England. It was dissettle it, and the Spanish rock on the south coast, carved with the initials of the head of the enterprise, is one of the points of The houses are all constructed of white

stone taken from the quarries and sawed into shape. It is cut easily. Roofs are all made of the same material, the stone being cut into thin slabs and laid like slate.

An interesting industry is the growing of Easter liles for all parts of the world.

Mrs. Gen. Hastings, a niece of the late
ex-President Hayes, introduced the industry, and last year a million dollars' worth of lilies were exported. worth of lilies were exported.

During the civil war Bermuda was the coaling and supply station for blockade runners, and St. George, the sleepy town on the east coast, was the richest place in the universe. Gold rolled in the streets, and even the laborer had champagne for dinner. The trips of these blockade runners were so profitable that the vessel could be lost on the third venture and the owners would still be ahead.

The Stewart Will Case. Justice McComas, in the Criminal Court, commenced the will cases assigned to him and his jury for trial by taking up that of

large suite, has arrived in London in order THE NICARAGUAN CANAL

The Project to Be Pushed Through Senator Morgan's Bill.

Its Intimate Connection With the Hawaiian Question Shows by Testimony.

It is the purpose of the Senate committee on foreign relations to take up Senator Morgan's bill for the reorganization of the Nicaragua canal during the present ression. Senators Morgan and Frye are both known to be anxious to promote this enterprise. It is understood that the President is convinced of the importance of the canal, and that Secretary Gresham is also in accord with Senator Morgan on this subject. The publication of the testimony taken by

this committee in the Hawaiian investigation contains many allusions to the canal, brought out by questions asked by these Senators to demonstrate the importance of controlling the islands in case the canal should be built, and to show the dependence of one interest on the other.

Commander Jewell gave considerable attention to this phase of the question, as will be seen by the following extracts from

his testimony: Mr. Morgan-Do you know any place in any of the seas of the world where greater advantage can be bestowed upon the com-merce of the world than can be obtained by the possession of the Sandwich Islands by a great maritime power, one that had the resources to preserve order and facilitate Mr. Jewell-No; I do not know any more

important point; no place that occurs to me at this particular moment. Gibraltar and Hawaii. Mr. Morgan-Would you say that in a military sense, the possession of Gibraltar would be any more important to British in-

terests than the possession of Hawaii to American interests? Mr. Jewell-I consider that Gibraltar is an extremely important point for the English to hold, because it is one of a chain of forts which they hold, and which connects the Suez canal with the Atlantic ocean, and erhaps it would be of greater importance

to England to retain possession of Gibral-tar than that the United States should have possession of the Sandwich Islands.

Mr. Morgan—Because Gibraltar is one of a chain of fortifications held by England, which protect England's access to and outlet from the Suez canal? Mr. Morgan—Suppose that there was a canal under American protection through

Nicaragua of equal capacity with, or great-er capacity, than the Suez canal, as a forer capacity, than the Suez canal, as a fortified port or place in a chain connecting
Hawaii, in the center of the Pacific ocean,
with our possessions in the United States,
the mouth of the Mississippi river, and the
various bays and harbors that we have
here, and the fortifications at Key West,
would you then consider that Gibraltar is
more important to the British people than
the possession of Hawaii would be to the
American people?

Mr. Jewell—It is hard to make a comparison of that kind; but if the Nicaragua canal

Mr. Jeweil—It is hard to make a comparison of that kind; but if the Nicaragua canal should be put through, I consider that the possession of the Sandwich Islands by the United States would be absolutely essential.

Rear Admiral Belknap. While Rear Admiral Belknap was on the stand Senator Morgan put the question to

"If you desired to control the Pacific ocean, north Polynesia, in a military sense, either for an offensive or defensive operation in reference to the protection of the western coast of the United States, including Alaska, is there any place on that coast or elsewhere in the Pacific ocean which you would consider so important to the United States as the Hawaiian group if we had there a fortified port or naval station?" To which Admiral Belknap replied: "I know of no point in the Pacific ocean which we should hold as good as the Hawaiian should hold as good as the Hawalian slands, especially Honolulu. Our flag should be there, in my opinion."

Mr. Morgan—Suppose some foreign power was the boy's statement.

should be there, in my opinion.

Mr. Morgan—Suppose some foreign power should close the question by coming in and occupying the islands, if they saw fit to do "I was there, but I didn't play," was in the court inquired. "I was crossing the late on the court inquired." nited States, would you not consider that great calamity to this country?
Mr. Belknap—A very great calamity. Great Britain now has Fuget Sound, which she ought not to be permitted to hold a single day, in my judgment. Especially with the Nicaragua canal, Honolulu will be a port of call of all the ships of the Pacific

will be seen by the following extracts from

The chairman—What made you an annex-ationist? Mr. Spalding-Because I believe the pos session of the Islands by the United States would give the United States practical pos-session of the Pacific ocean, commercial control, military and naval control. The islands are so located that an American fleet could be located in Pearl river harbor. and with a cable from San Francisco those ships could be sent to any part of the ocean

by the authorities at Washington.

Senator Frye—How would the building of the Nicaragua canal increase the importance of those islands to the United States?

Mr. Spalding—It would make Honolulu just so much more important as a stopping place in crossing the Pacific ocean.

DR. CHESTER'S RESIGNATION. It is Accepted With Regret by the Presbytery.

The Presbytery of Washington met this morning at the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church, corner of B and 4th street southeast, to consider the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Chester. The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock, and Dr. Chester kindly requested a dissolution of pastoral relations. stating that through lack of physical strength he would be unable to further continue as pastor of the church. He remarked on the remarkable growth the church had used profane language and I arrested nim." made during his long connection with the pastorate, and thought that the affairs of the church had attained that degree of prosperity where another pastor could suc-cessfully take up the work. The committee appointed by the church, including Mr. S. D. Luckett, Mr. David McGowan and Mr. Edward Fawcett, expressed sorrow at the separation, and stated that, bearing in mind Dr. Chester's long and faithful term of service, it was only proper that his resignation should be approved of, and reported to that effect. Then followed remarks by Dr. Bartlett, Dr. Little, Dr. Kelly, Dr. Ramsdell, Bartlett, Dr. Little, Dr. Kelly, Dr. Ramsdell, Dr. Fullerton and others, who spoke in the highest terms of Dr. Chester's work in Washington. A resolution, giving in brief the good work done by Dr. Chester and statthe good work done by Dr. Chester and stat-ing with what sincere regret the presby-tery would miss the helping hand of the hard working brother, was drawn up and approved of, and will be duly forwarded to him. After discussing a few matters con-cerning the Presbyterian Church at Takoma Park the meeting was adjourned O'Brien.

covered by a Spaniard twenty-three years and later at Helena, and engaged recently after Columbus discovery, and was named as a promoter of Helena, died suddenly last after the discoverer. Spain attempted to evening at the residence of Mr. W. E. and later at Helena, and engaged recently as a promoter of Helena, died suddenly last Clark, 301 E street northwest. He had recently returned from London, and came to Washington on Saturday from Virginia Beach and registered at the Shoreham. Mr. Clark being an old friend, he concluded last evening to call upon him, and notwithstanding the heavy snow, walked to Mr. Clark's residence. The exertion was too much for him and when he entered Mr. Clark's bouse ils arms and expired. The coroner decided that death resulted from heart failure. deceased will be buried tomorrow, the funeral taking place from Mr. Clark's resi-

Real Estate Matters. Graham & Campbell, 617 14th street, have sold to Mrs. Catherine McGowan house 522 22d street northwest for \$4,500. Susan T. Cruet has purchased, for \$10,000, in trust, of W. E. Schneider, sub 105, sq. 153, 18x93 feet on Riggs place between 17th and 18th streets northwest.

Nancy Park has filed, by Mr. W. C. Martin, a bill against John H. West and wife

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS. ACCOUNTANTS..... AMUSEMENTS......Page CITY ITEMS. Page 8
COAL AND WOOD. Page 11
COUNTRY REAL ESTATE. Page 10 DEATHS.....Page 5
DENTISTRY.....Page 11 FOR RENT (Warehouse)......Page 10 LECTURES. Page 9
LEGAL NOTICES. Page 11 MANICURE......Page 10 NOTARIES PUBLIC......Page PERSONAL Page 10
PROFESSIONAL Page 11 PROPOSALS......Page 10 RAILROADS. Page 11
SPECIAL NOTICES. Page 3 STORAGE......Page 10
SUBURBAN PROPERTY.......Page 10 UNDERTAKERS......Page 11 

AN ASTHMA REMEDY

Furnished Gratis by Judge Kimball in Court Today.

The cold weather of Saturday night and the heavy snowof last night resulted in a slim at tendance of prisoners in the Police Court this morning, there being but twenty-one victims of the police in the cells. Saturday night it was too cold for the lawbreakers to appear out on the streets and last night they were afraid of getting their feet wet, and that is why the police had but little to do. This morning the snow and slush caused a late appearance of persons who had business in court, causing a delay in the opening of the mills of justice.

In Judge Kimball's court there were al-

most as many lawyers as there were prison-ers, but there was hardly enough capital represented to pay one ordinary fee for legal services.

A colored woman named Rachael Johnson, alias Robinson, was the first prisoner tried. Vagrancy was the charge against her, and she told the judge that she was not guilty. Policeman Kilmartin told the court that

Rachael lived in a disreputable house and he also told of the suspicious circumstances also told of the suspicious circumstances under which she was found.
"A man in the house was robbed," he said, "and this woman was the only one in the room with him."
"But I didn't take his money," she in-

"But I didn't take his money," she in-terrupted. "I had some money in my stock-ing, but it belonged to me."

The woman started to tell the court a disgusting story, but Judge Kimball stopped her and gave her a sentence of sixty days in default of a bond larger than the usual amount.

"This is a charity case," said Lawyer J. B.
O'Neill. "I am defending this boy for his
old man's sake." O'Neill.

old man's sake."
Robert Brooks was the name of the colored boy, and the charge against him was "crap shooting" on a vacant lot near the K street market.
Policeman McNeely was the prosecuting witness, and he told of the game he inter-

"I was crossing the lot on my way to market, and when the policeman came up I ran."
"Ten dollars," said the court, "the usual amount in crap cases."

John Beckett, a colored man, who seemed

glad of an opportunity to keep in out of the snow, plead guilty to a charge of dis-orderly conduct, and went down for two Mr. Spaiding Coincides.

Mr. Z. T. Spaiding, who is the largest individual sugar producer in the islands, coincided in opinion with the views expressed by Messrs. Belknap and Jeweil, as pressed by Messrs. Belknap and Jeweil, as a package of envelopes from a boy who was selling stationery."

was selling stationery."
"Then," said the judge, "there ought to be another charge against him." "That's just what he wanted," said the officer. "He wants to go to jail instead of the workhouse."

"Ten dollars or thirty days." Lawyer Sillers defended James Knighton and William Daly because they were his friends.

The young men met on the street last night and engaged in what they said was a friendly scrap in the snow. A policeman charged that some bad language was used, but the defendants

denied that part of the charge. They were fined \$3 each. Isaac Lee, a colored man who wore a large gold pin in the bosom of his blue shirt, thought his arrest was caused by the manner in which he had arranged his

"He has the reputation of being a pick-pocket," was the name given him by policeman. Saturday night in the market he was found under suspicious conditions, and the court sent him down for a month.

An Asthma Remedy. A neatly dressed woman with tears in her eyes begged the court to be lenient with a man named Thomas McGrath, who was arrested Saturday night while on his way home. He was intoxicated and had a bottle of liquor in his pocket.
"I met him," said Policeman Hanover,
"and got in a discussion about Bourke
Cockran and Governor Hill. The man

"Is he your husband?" the judge asked.
"No, sir," she responded, "he's my
brother. He has the asthma and has to
take liquor to make him sleep. The doctor ordered it." "I'm afraid," said the judge, "that you are creating a disease worse than the asthma. I can give you a remedy better than liquor. My father had the disease as bad as any one in the world, and powder-ed ipecac was his only relief, and I know it was much better than whisky." The judge made the fine \$2 and gave the man until tomorrow to pay it.

John Payne, one of the smallest colored

boys ever seen in court, was given a trial on a charge of throwing stones. He said he was ten years old, but he looked like he was much younger.
"Has he ever been arrested before?" was what the judge asked, wanting to know something of his character.

"He has been arrested three times for burglary," was the response of Officer

The court continued the case to hear Died From Heart Failure.

Mr. S. Braden, a well-known assayer, at one time of the mint at Boise City, Mon., grant. father, "but I can't keep her home."
"Do you want to go home, or to the re-

form school?" the judge asked her.
"Reform school," was her reply.
The agent of the board of children's guardians was in court ready to take the girl, but the court thought she was a proper person for the reform school and sent her

To Change Civil Service Regulations. Representative Enloe (Tenn.) will move to strike out all appropriations for the civil service commission when the House considers the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. Mr. Enloe's proposed movement is on account of a growing feelmovement is on account of a growing leeding among some democrats, who say that members of their party do not secure a fair share of appointments. Representative Hunter (Ill.) urges that the present eligible list is made up of about 1.000 democrats and 13,000 republicans, so that when the commission cartifles eligible names the religious mission certifies eligible names the political proportion is one to thirteen. Mr. Hunter proposes that instead of certifying two or three eligible names it shall submit the en-tire eligible list, from which a choice of employes can be made.

FINANCIAL.

If You've \$100, \$500 or \$1,000 -which you wish to invest, you cannot do better than put it in the Real Estate First Mortgage Notes of this State and Government Bonds net but 2 to 4 per cent, but these Bonds, vestor full 5 per cent, and place the

FINANCIAL

-to private parties desirous to bedid.

Money To Loan

at lowest rates of interest.

ing small short-time loans American Security And Trust Co., 1405 G St. fe26-2t C. J. BELL, President.

small and large investor on the same

Washington Loan and Trust

FIRE-PROOF GRANITE BUILDING. Cor. 9th and F sts.
PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. SUNDAY MORNING FIRE!! SUNDAY MORNING FIRE!!

The destructive fire in the Masonic Temple building and the frequent fires incident to the season should suggest to prudent people the common-sense precaution of securing protection for their small, portable valuables in the BURGLAB

The National Safe Deposit, Savings And Trust

Of the District of Columbia CORNER 15TH ST. AND NEW YORK AVE

> Special act Congress 1867. Savings Bank. Special act Congress 1870. Trust Company.

6 PER CENT ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS

How fast a substantial sum will be as cumulated if you lay aside a small amous regularly. You don't miss the small amounts, and some day the large sum will doubtless prove itself to be one of your greatest blessings.

1222 F STREET N. W. PAYS FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS. Open until 5 p.m. on gov. pay days and Satur day evenings from 6 to 8. fel2-tf

WASHINGTON NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
OHIO NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
A PHENOMENAL SUCCESS.
It issues a limited number of Prepaid Shares, which will be taken off the market March 1 or earlier Applications will be filed in their order, but no on person will be allowed more than fifty shares Cost, \$50 per share, on which cash dividends are paid semi-annually at 6 per cent per annum, an full profits are credited besides. Selling rapidly.
Hon. JONEPH D. TAYLOR, President.
W. F. JOHNSON, General Manager.
fe9toml J. C. STODDARD, Secretary.

Room 4, 1421 F street n.w. STOCKS

From 500 Bushels upward, ant quotations. Private wires. Prompt con-tlements. Commission, ½ of 1 per cent. jai6-3m

Who have never heard of us. That is not our fault, as we have been doing business right in their midst for the past twelve years, and adpapers of the city during that time. In order to inform those who do not know us, and also for the information of those who do, we will tell them that during the year ending last November we received the largest amount of original cash payments of any Building Association in the Dispayments of any Building Association in the District. Our receipts are anywhere from \$50,000 to \$100,000 monthly. Our present assets are \$1,114,-704.01, and our liabilities, \$1,002.326—leaving us a surplus or interest fund of \$112,378.01. Our receipts of interest from advances are over \$7,000 per month, and we are constantly paying out to our members from \$4,000 to \$5,000 monthly, thus paying dividends all the time. If a member's interest amounts to \$10 or over, we pay it to him monthly; if less than \$10, we pay it every three months, thus allowing them to compound their interest 12 times in a year, and the others every quarter. For special payments we pay 6 their interest 12 times in a year, and the others every quarter. For special payments we pay 6 per cent per annum; for shares withdrawn before maturity, 5 per cent per annum, and at maturity (100 months or over), our shares are redeemed at 12 per cent per annum. Although we are entitled to notices for withdrawal of money, except in times of financial stringency, we always pay on

and by that means have unfortunitaly succeeded in inducing some to place their money with them, but the invariable rule is that they do not get any

FRANCIS G. SAXTON, Treesurer. JOHN COOK, Secretary, A. N. MEEKER, 207 8d st. s.e., Capted Hill

MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK STOCK
EXCHANGE. Correspondents of Messra Moore & Schley, Broadway.

Bankers and Dealers in Government Bonds.

Deposits. Exchange. Loans.

Railroad stocks and bonds and all securities listed on the exchanges of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore bought and sold.

A specialty made of investment securities. District Bonds and all local Railroad, Gas, Insurance and Telephone Stock dealt in.

American Bell Telephone Stock bought and sold.

C. T. HAVENNER Washington Stock Exchan Real Estate and Stock Broker. Sooms 9 and 11, Atlantic building, 930 F st. n.w.

Stocks Bonds and Grain bought and ash or on margin. Cotton bought and sold in New York or New Or

Company.

and FIRE-PROOF vaults of this company.

The cost is so small as to be within the reach

B. H. WARNER Poor

Company Capital: One Million Dollars

Safe Deposit Company.

General act Congress 1890. FIDELITY BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION 908 to 914 G st. m.w. SHARES \$1,00 PER MONTH.

fell-tf It's Surprising

The Union Savings Bank,

From 5 Shares upward.
GRAIN

There Are a Great Many People in Washington

but the invariable rule is that they do not get any interest whatever, and have to stand a heavy shave or discount in order to get back their pripcipal. This kind of business is a little different to our mode of doing it, for we always pay both principal and interest in full, the interest in some cases amounting to thousands of dollars, at the rate of 12 per cent per annum.

We venture to assert that the Perpetual Bullding Association has more good features and methods of doing business, and done at less expense, than any other in the United States. Nowhere can you go and find the same advantages that are enjoyed by the members of the Perpetual. Office at 506 lith street. Open day and evening.

C. C. DUNGANSON, President.

LEWIS ABRAHAM, Vice President.

FRANCIS G. SAXTON, Tressurer.

CHARLES F. BENJAMIN, Attorney, Room 76,

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

CORRESPONDENTS.

"Irnell, Hagaman & Co., New York Stock Exchange.
Lehman Bros., New York Cotton Exchange.
Lehman, Stern & Co., New Orleans Cotton Exchange.